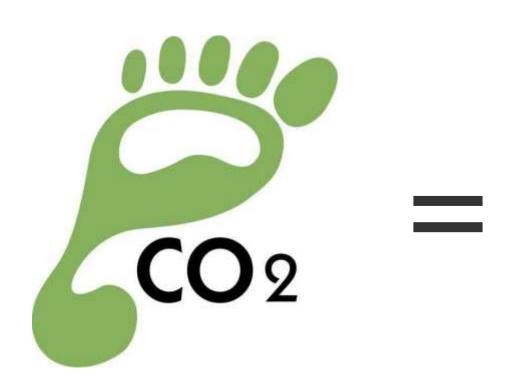
# CO<sub>2</sub> Footprinting 101 for the Poultry Industry

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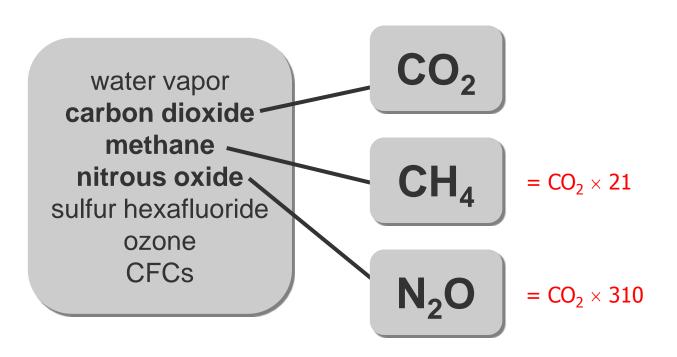
### Outline

- What?
- Why?
- How?
- Steps Forward

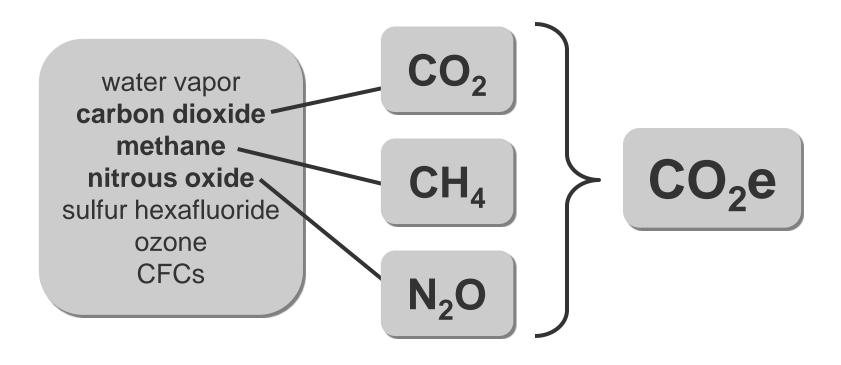


Annual greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the operation of a facility, business, etc.

## What are greenhouse gases?



## What are greenhouse gases?



## Types of emissions

energy-related

biological













#### Natural emissions

would happen without "us"







(usually excluded from footprint)

## Anthropogenic emissions

happen because of human activities





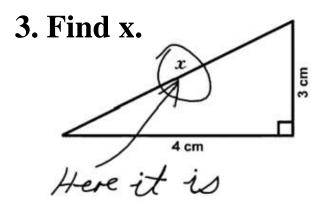




## Why do you care?







# 13. Continued

$$u_1'(-8)e^{-8t} + (-u_1'e^{-t})(-7)e^{-7t} = 54e^{-5t}$$
 $-8u_1'e^{-8t} + 7u_1'e^{-t}e^{-7t} = 54e^{-5t}$ 
 $-8u_1'e^{-8t} + 7u_1'e^{-8t} = 54e^{-5t}$ 
 $-u_1'e^{-8t} = 54e^{-5t}$ 
 $u_1' = -\frac{54e^{-5t}}{e^{-3t}} = \frac{-54e^{-3t}}{e^{-3t}} = u_1'$ 
 $u_2' = -u_1'e^{-t}$ 
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 $u_2' = -54e^{-3t}$ 
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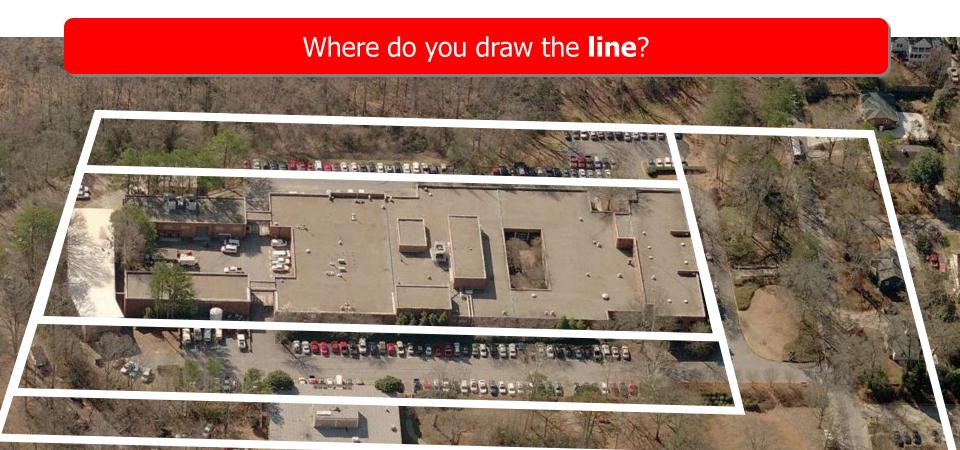












## Source Energy vs. Site Energy













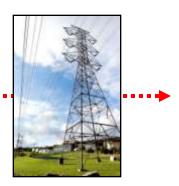




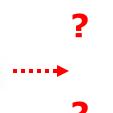
#### Source Emissions vs. Site Emissions











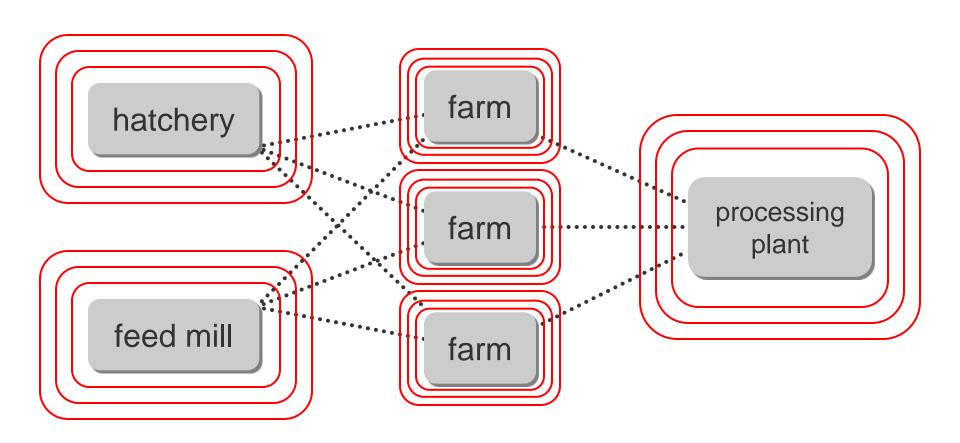


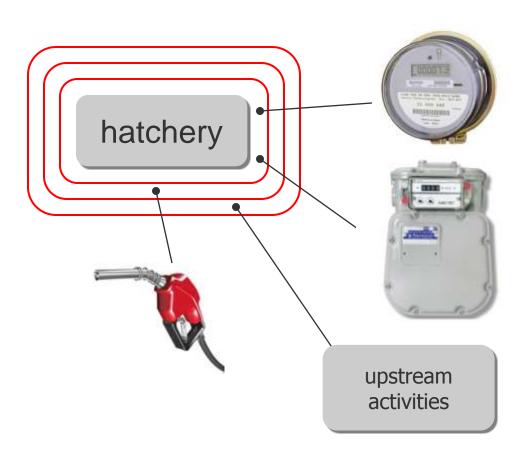


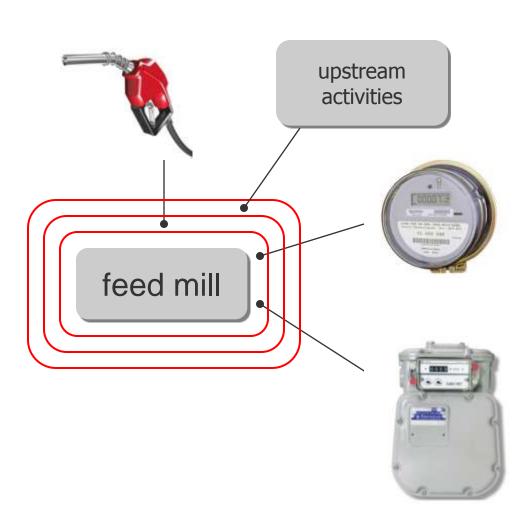


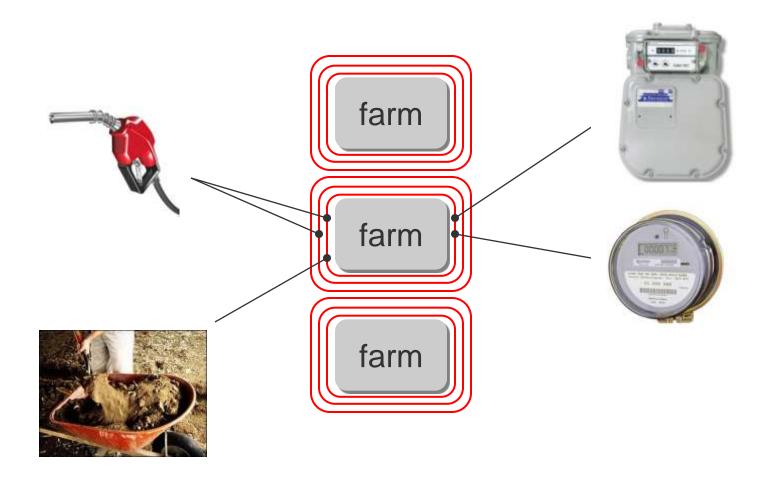


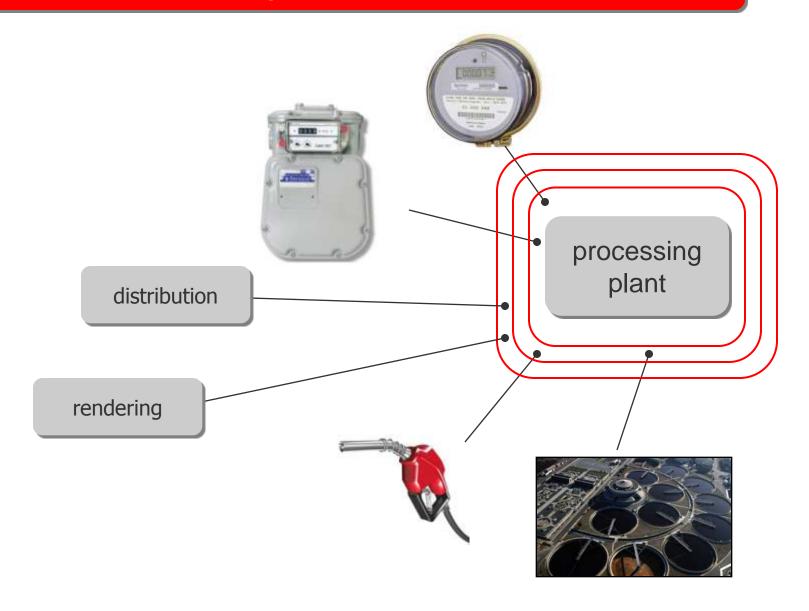












## Calculating emissions

easy difficult









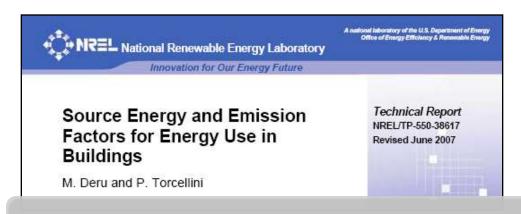


#### Easy: Electricity and heating fuels



usage  $\times$  emission factor = emissions

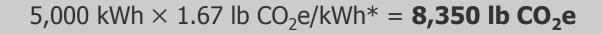




NREL Technical Report: NREL/TP-550-38617

#### Easy: Electricity and heating fuels





usage

emission factor

emissions



9,000 ft<sup>3</sup> × 123 lb  $CO_2e/1000$  ft<sup>3</sup> = **1,107 lb CO\_2e** 

#### Not as easy: Transport fuels



usage  $\times$  emission factor =  $CO_2$  emissions

and, depending on type and age of vehicle:

usage  $\times$  emission factor =  $CH_4$  emissions

usage  $\times$  emission factor =  $N_2O$  emissions

#### Not as easy: Transport fuels





Home > Environment > Voluntary Reporting Program > Emission Factors

#### Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases Program

#### **Emission Factors and Global Warming Potentials**

The greenhouse gas emission factors and global warming potentials (GWPs) presented on this page should be used for preparing emission inventories and calculating emission reductions submitted to EIA on Form EIA-1605(b).

- Fuel and Energy Emission Factors: Instructions | Tables
- Electricity Emission Factors: <u>Instructions</u> | <u>Tables</u>
- EPA's AP-42 Emission Factors: Instructions | Tables
- Global Warming Potentials (GWPs): <u>Instructions</u> | <u>Tables</u>

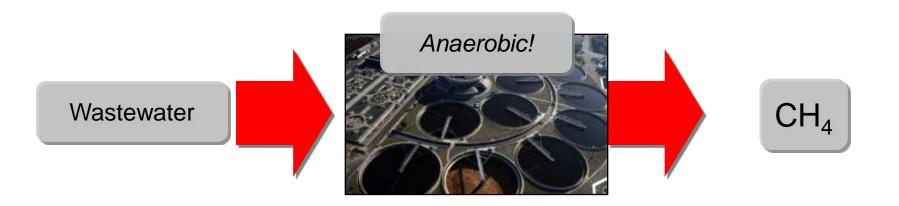




Reportin

www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/1605/emission\_factors.html

#### Difficult: Wastewater treatment



#### Difficult: Wastewater treatment



epa.gov/climatechange/emissions/usinventoryreport.html
Section 8.10





 $CH_4$  emissions = f

bird type bird population climate excretion rate management



 $N_2O$  emissions = f

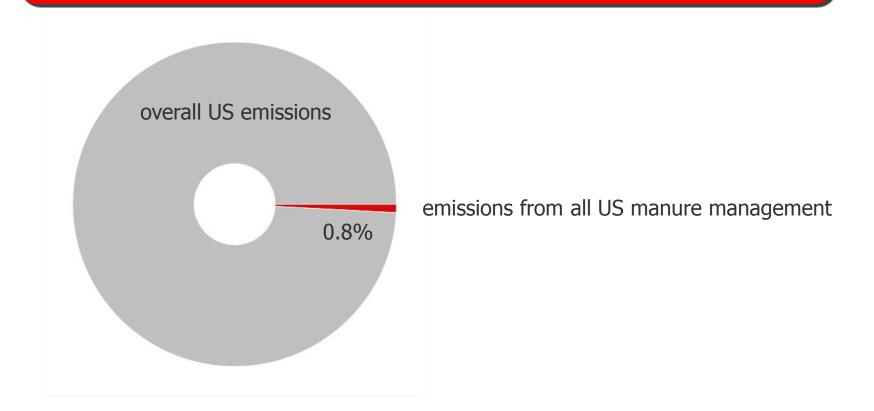
bird type bird population climate excretion rate management runoff



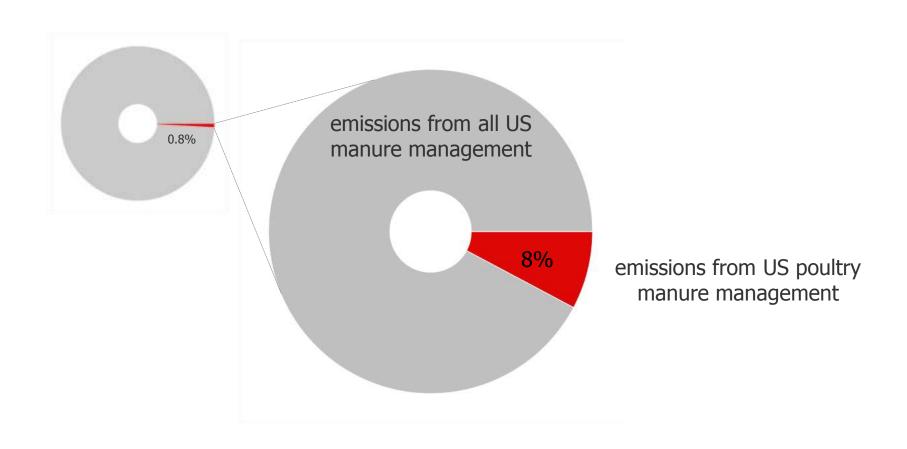
epa.gov/climatechange/emissions/usinventoryreport.html
Section 6.2
and

**Annex 3, Section 10** 

### Manure: Some perspective



#### Manure: Some perspective



#### Next steps

- 1. Decide on a baseline year
- 2. Decide where to draw the lines
- 3. Compile energy usage data
- 4. Compile WWTP and manure data
- 5. Apply methods and emission factors
- 6. Compare subsequent years to baseline

#### Thank you. Questions?

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