Watermelon Fungicide Spray Programs 2014

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As with most crops, disease management begins prior to planting the crop to be protected. By using such methods as disease-free seed and transplants, proper rotation, discing and plowing, and use of resistant varieties, growers can minimize the amount of disease that is available to attack their crop. Using many practices takes all the weight off of any on practice and gives growers more disease management options at lower risk. Once plants are in the field, however, fungicide sprays are relied on heavily for effective and economical management of plant diseases. This spray guide is designed to encompass many diseases that attack watermelon during the growing season(s) in Georgia.

Spray Schedule = Start 1 week after transplanting, then use 7 day schedule if raining once a week.

Spring		Fall	
Spray		Spray	
No.	Fungicide(s)/disease activity	No.	Fungicide(s)/disease activity
0.	Proline at-plant drench/FW	1.	Chlorothalonil ¹ + Tebuconazole ³ /GSB
			Actigard and/or copper fungicide ² /BFB
1.	Chlorothalonil ¹ /GSB		
	Actigard and/or copper fungicide ² /BFB	2.	Chlorothalonil/GSB
2	GIA A A MAGON		copper fungicide/BFB
2.	Chlorothalonil/GSB	2	Chianathalanii Talanana a la OD Inania Canan/CCD
	copper fungicide/BFB Proline/FW	3.	Chlorothalonil + Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super/GSB Actigard and/or copper fungicide/BFB
	Profine/F W		Actigard and/or copper fungicide/BFB
3.	Tebuconazole ³ /GSB or chlorothalonil/GSB	4.	Chlorothalonil/GSB
	Actigard and/or copper fungicide/BFB		copper fungicide/BFB
4.	Chlorothalonil/GSB	5.	Chlorothalonil + Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super/GSB
	copper fungicide/BFB		copper fungicide/BFB
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5.	Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super/GSB	6.	Luna Experience/POW + GSB
	copper fungicide/BFB		Presidio or Revus/DOW or PCAP
6.	Luna Experience/POW + GSB		copper fungicide/BFB
0.	Presidio, Revus or Zampro /DOW or PCAP	7.	Proline, Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super /GSB
	copper fungicide/BFB	, .	Quintec or Torino + Quadris or Cabrio/POW+ANTH
	topper rung.com/212		Presidio, Revus or Zampro/DOW or PCAP
7.	Proline, Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super /GSB		copper fungicide/BFB
	Quintec or Torino + Quadris or Cabrio/POW+ANTH		
	Presidio, Revus or Zampro/DOW or PCAP	8^{4} .	Luna Experience/POW + GSB
	copper fungicide/BFB		Presidio, Revus or Zampro/DOW or PCAP
8^{4} .	Luna Experience/POW + GSB	9^{4} .	Proline, Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super/GSB
0.	Presidio, Revus or Zampro/DOW or PCAP	٦.	Quintec or Torino + Quadris or Cabrio/POW+ANTH
	Tresidio, Revus of Zumpro/DOW of Left		Presidio or Revus/DOW or PCAP
9^{4} .	Proline, Tebuconazole OR Inspire Super/GSB		
	Quintec or Torino + Quadris or Cabrio/POW+ANTH		
	Presidio, Revus or Zampro/DOW or PCAP		

¹ Chlorothalonil (Bravo, Echo, Equus, etc...) may cause rind burn if sprayed within 21 day of harvest.

Always read the label for detailed application instructions or consult the Georgia Pest Control Handbook.

Disease Acronyms: BFB = bacterial fruit blotch; GSB = gummy stem blight; POW = powdery mildew; DOW = downy mildew; ANTH = anthracnose; PCAP = Phytophthora crown and fruit rot. FW=Fusarium wilt.

² Actigard and/or Copper is used prior to fruit set if bacterial fruit blotch is an issue.

³ Tebuconazole should be used at 8.0 fl oz when sprayed each time with a seasonal limit of 24 fl oz.

⁴Be mindful of preharvest intervals (PHIs) for later sprays as many may have a 7-14 day PHI.